## **DRAFT: Telehealth Policy**

1 Definitions:

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2	<ul> <li>Telehealth is defined by the Center for Connected Health Policy (CCHP) as: a collection of means</li> </ul>	
3	or methods for enhancing health care, public health, and health education delivery and support	
4	using telecommunications technologies.	
5	<ul> <li>Telehealth is used as a universal term for the various virtual care service applications such as:</li> </ul>	
6	• Live videoconferencing (synchronous): live, two-way interaction between a person and	
7	a provider using audiovisual telecommunications technology.	
8	• Store-and-Forward (asynchronous): transmission of recorded health history through an	
9	electronic communications system to a practitioner, usually a specialist, who uses the	
10	information to evaluate the case of render a service outside of a real-time or live	
11	interaction.	
12	• <b>Remote Patient Monitoring</b> (RPM): personal health and medical data collection from an	
13	individual in one location via electronic communication technologies, which is	
14	transmitted to a provider in a different location for use in care and related support.	
15	<ul> <li>Mobile Health (mHealth): health care and public health practice and education</li> </ul>	
16	supported by mobile communication devices such as cell phones, tablet computers, and	
17	PDAs. Applications can range from targeted text messages that promote healthy	
18	behavior to wide-scale alerts about disease outbreaks, to name a few examples.	
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20	The North Carolina Medical Society (NCMS) supports access to comprehensive, quality care and	
21	social supports as necessary to promote health, prevent and manage disease, reduce premature	
22	death and preventable morbidity, and achieve health equity for everyone in North Carolina, as	
23	written in the NCMS' Access to Care and Social Supports for all Populations policy.	
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25	The NCMS supports and encourages efforts and funding for programs and innovations that resolve	
26	existing barriers to telehealth access for health care providers and persons of North Carolina.	
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28	The North Carolina Medical Society promotes telehealth coverage for all appropriate medical	
29	services, patient types, provider types, locations, secure devices and modalities, by all government	
30	and commercial payers.	
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32	> The North Carolina Medical Society advocates for parity in payment for telehealth services provided	
33	and accurately documented by any qualified health care provider when medically appropriate.	
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35	The NCMS advocates for the continuing efforts to safeguard patient privacy and program integrity	
36	through effective and considerate regulations and requirements that allow for the support and	
37	innovation of technology-based care.	
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